ENGLAND RELEASES STEAMER PLATURIA

Oil Vessel Permitted to Leave Stornaway, Scotland, for Copenhagen.

REPLY TO U. S. PROTEST ON KROONLAND AWAITED

Rosin and Turpentine Removed From Conditional Contraband List by British Government.

The Standard Oil steamer Platuria which has been detained at Stornaway, Scotland, by British authorities, has been released and has proceeded to Copenhagen.

The British embassy today notified the State Department that this had been done after the Danish government had given proper assurances that not be re-exported into Germany.

Rosin and turpentine have been re moved from the conditional contraband list by the British government. The British ambassador today so no tified the State Department. action is important, particularly to the south, where large quantities of naval stores are awaiting shipment to Euro-

Search of Ships Proposed.

American ships bound for northern European ports touch at some conven ient Scotch port on the voyage and submit to examination of their cargo

submit to examination of their cargo by British authorities, receiving in return certificates which will relieve them of annoyance of search by British and French cruisers during the remainder of their voyage.

The State Department has not accepted the proposition and indications are it will be made the basis of a protest. Officials expect, however, that some amicable arrangement can soon be reached to relieve American shipping from the burden of search and detention when they have no contraband in their cargoes.

England's Reply Awaited.

Further representations to Great Brit-

California "farmer boys," who ar elsiting Washington on a sightseeln trip, today visited President Wilson and ater went to the tomb of the firs President at Mount Vernon to honor the memory of the "father of his country." A trip to the Congressional Library i

ed for tonight. The boys aim to visit nearly every public building in Washington befor they leave for Atlanta Wednesday. The are to cover a large part of southern territory by day in order that they may see farms along the way.

WAR NEWS IN BRIEF.

Renewed assaults of the Germans, which have led in the last few days to the most violent fighting of the war, are still progressing with fury almost unparalleled, but there have been no changes of importance at any point along the three-hundred-mile line of battle. Official reports from Berlin and Paris agree that the deadlock still prevailed.

The confidence of Germany as to the ultimate result is reflected in the words of Emperor William.

"Under all circumstances the enemy will be beaten," he said in addressing one of his regiments.

Berlin states officially that the situation is rearded as the most favorable of some time. The French statement is equally hopeful in tone. The allies are said to her cargo of illuminating oil would have made slight progress at various points, including the bloodsoaked fields of Flanders, in the vicinity of Dixmude. On the cen-This ter and right of the allied lines assaults of the Germans are said to have been repulsed.

Great Britain has proposed that in the east, compelled to retire before the Russian advance, have taken up new positions. Austrian successes on the Russian left flank are claimed in Berlin.

> Apparently Turkey is now definitely involved in the general war. What the allies described as the "last chance" for Turkey to keep out of the struggle by disavowing responsibility for the acts of her VIENNA AND PETROGRAD Black sea fleet has not been accepted, and the British govern-

HOW BELGIANS DELAYED GERMAN ADVANCE.



AT MALINES, ON THE MAIN LINE, THEY MET WITH AN UNEXPECTED CHECK. FIVE LOCOMOTIVES WERE DISPATCHED BY THE BEL-GIANS, AT FULL SPEED AND ENTIRELY UNCONTROLLED, IN THE DIRECTION OF THE GERMAN LINES, WHERE FRESH TROOPS WERE LINE WAS EFFECTIVELY BLOCKED.

The German and Austrian forces ARMIES IN POLAND NEAR BIG BATTLE

Berlin Reports Events Shaping Themselves for Renewal of General Conflict.

BOTH CLAIM VICTORIES

GUTIERRES NAMED AS MEXICAN HEAD

Aguascalientes Convention Elects Successor to Carranza, First Chief.

PLAN TO MAKE VILLA THE SECRETARY OF WAR

DRESSED DOLL SALE **ENRICHES FUND \$20.50**

Mrs. Eunice Place's Suggestion Finds Prompt Adoption in Purchases.

The sum of \$20.50 was realized today for The Star Christmas ship fund by

the Christmas ship, she dressed these

ADDON, November 2, 12:52 p.m.—A to given under the auspices of the day, remaining away from the executive offices a good part of the time tagainst Andrew Carnegie because of his alleged pro-German at Months of Wenty-Horse of Horse of Wenty-Horse of Wenty-Horse

Christmas goods; G. L. M., box clothing.

No name, bundle clothing; Mrs. Wingrove Bathon, caps and stockings; Edward Bathon, toys; Mrs. S. J. Nicholson, 1855 Calvert street, clothing; no name, bundle toys; no name, bundle toys; Mrs. Luthy, 1814 Fark road, woolen goods; Jane and Florence Fellows, package clothing; G. Thomas, 3126 13th street, package clothing; William J., Henry L. and Charles E. Foster, three boxes clothing; no name, package clothing; Mrs. Frederick Emory, Silver Spring, Md., bundle clothing; Mrs. W. B. Jackson, Silver Spring Md., bundle toys; St. Margaret's School, one wagon load of toys and clothing. clothing.
Mrs. M. E., two packages clothing;

for The Star Christmas ship fund by the sale of six beautiful dolls dressed by Mrs. Eunice Place of 1857 Park olimstead, 816 B street northeast, shoes; by Mrs. Place is eighty-four years old, and, as she desired to do something for the Christmas ship, she dressed these the Christmas ship, she dressed these

The print foliage for the state of the state

TURK SHELLS MISS ODESSA AMERICANS

None Injured by Bombardment

be sent via The Hague, Berlin, Vienna,

Sofia and Athens.

Sofia and Athens.

The last message received by the American government from Ambassador Morgenthau told of the demand for passports by the British, French and Russian ambassadors and the assurance of the Ottoman government that it would afford them every courtesy in leaving the country.

Determination, however, to detain Russian consuls in the Ottoman empire as hostages until assurances of safe conduct are given Turkish consuls in Russia is authoritatively announced in dispatches from Ambassador Morgenthau to the United States government.

The Turkish minister of the interior informed Mr. Morgenthau that Turkish warships within the last three days had bombarded Sebastopol.

Great Britain and France have placed their interests in Turkey in the hands of the American embassy, and the Turkish consul at Havre has turned over his consulate to the United States, and is preparing, along with other consuls, to leave France.

most ordinary rules of international law, comity and usage. Ever since German men-of-war Goeben and Bres-lau took refuge in Constantinople, the attitude of the Turkish government toward Great Britain has caused sur-

Fails to Keep Promises.

Promises made by the Turkish govrnment to send away German officers and crews of the Goeben and Bres-lau have never been fulfilled. It was well known that the Turkish minister

and Their Property Loss
Is Slight.

CONSUL WIRES GERMANS
COMMANDED GUNBOATS

U. S. Embassy Will Handle Affairs of Allied Powers in Constantinople, It Is Announced.

No Americans were injured in the Turkish bombardment at Odessa and the damage to American property was insignificant, according to a report today from the American consul at Odessa.

The consul cabled that the local authorities at Odessa claimed the Turkish gunboats which conducted the bombardment were under the command of German officers.

The State Department received word from a cable company in London that a routhe message, dated yesterday, at trucky. Officials here directed that it be sent via The Hargue, Berlin, Vienna, Sofia and Athens.

The learner of the Ottoman empire.

"Visorously assisted by the ambassistic proposition of German officers.

The State Department received word from a cable company in London that a routhe message, dated yesterday, at constantinople, had been held up, as there was no communication with Turkey. Officials here directed that it be sent via The Hargue, Berlin, Vienna, Sofia and Athens.

The learner Property Loss well known that the Turkish minister of war was strongly pro-German in sympathies, but it was confidently hoped that saner counsels of his coliciance, who had had experience of friendship which Great Britain has always shown toward the Turkish government from entering upon the very risky policy of taking overnment, would have prevailed, and prevented that government from entering upon the very risky policy of taking overnment and have been able to contrain t

Other Hostile Activity.

"Transports have been collected and Mines have been dispatched to Egypt. be laid in the Gulf of Akaba

dans to fight against Great Britain. Dr. Prueffer, who was so long engaged in intrigues in Cairo against British occupation and is now attached to German embassy in Constantinople, has been busily occupied in Syria trying to incite the people to take part in this conflict. Aggressive action was certain to be result of activity of numerous German officers employed in the Turkish army and acting under orders of German government, who thus have succeeded in forcing hands of advisers of sultan.

"German intrigue cannot influence ians to fight against Great Britain. Dr

"Notorious Sheik Aziz Shawish has published and disseminated through Syria and probably India an inflam-matory document urging Mahomme-

of sultan.

"German intrigue cannot influence loyalty to Great Britain of the 70,000,-000 of Mahommedans in India, and feeling of Mahommedan inhabitants of Egypt. They must look with detestation on misguided action under foreign influence at Constantingle which with